International equity fund Investor fact sheet

John Hancock Fundamental Global Franchise Fund

A: JFGAX I: JFGIX R6: JFGFX

Summary

ObjectiveLong-term capital appreciation

Use for

Concentrated global holding

Morningstar category

World Large Stock Blend

Strategy

Global franchise companies

Characterized by market leadership within an industry and strong returns on invested capital

Quality focus

Investing in competitively advantaged companies that generate sustainable long-term cash flows and earnings growth

Concentrated portfolio

Designed to give more weight to the management team's highest-conviction investment ideas

Average annual total returns 1

	Qtd	Ytd	1 yr	3 yr	5 yr :	10 yr	Life of fund	Life of fund date
Class I without sales charge	-9.67	-9.67	3.60	10.98	9.83	_	11.35	6/29/12
Class A without sales charge	-9.77	-9.77	3.22	10.64	9.50	_	10.98	6/29/12
Class A with sales charge	-14.28	-14.28	-1.93	8.76	8.39	_	10.40	6/29/12
MSCI World Index	-5.15	-5.15	10.12	14.98	12.42	_	12.10	_
World large stock blend category	-6.13	-6.13	4.33	11.77	10.02	_	_	_

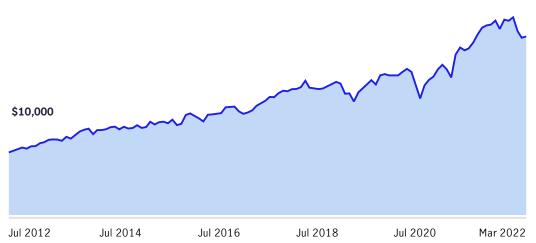
Expense ratios 2	Gross	Net (what you pay)	through
Class I	1.01%	1.00%	7/31/2023
Class A	1.31%	1.30%	7/31/2023

The past performance shown here reflects reinvested distributions and the beneficial effect of any expense reductions, and does not guarantee future results. The sales charge for Class A shares, reflects the maximum sales charge of 5.0%. For Class I shares, there is no sales charge. Returns for periods shorter than one year are cumulative, and results for other share classes will vary. Shares will fluctuate in value and, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance cited. For the most recent month-end performance, visit jhinvestments.com.

Growth of a hypothetical \$10,000 investment³

Class I without sales charge - 7/1/12 - 3/31/22





Managed by

Manulife

Investment Management

Established asset manager with global resources and expertise extending across equity, fixed-income, and alternative investments as well as asset allocation strategies



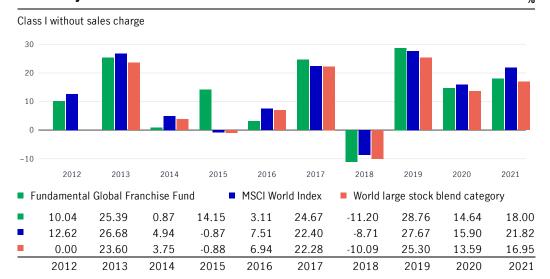
Jonathan T. White, CFA On the fund since 2013. Investing since 1997



Emory W. (Sandy) Sanders, Jr., CFA On the fund since 2012. Investing since 1997

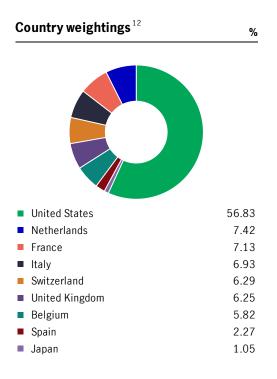
1 The MSCI World Index tracks the performance of publicly traded large- and mid-cap stocks of developed-market companies. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. 2 "Net (what you pay)" represents the effect of a contractual fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement and is subject to change. 3 Performance data shown excludes fees and expenses. The performance data would be lower if such fees and expenses were included. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Calendar year returns 3,4



10 largest holdings 12	ings 12	holdi	argest	10
------------------------	---------	-------	--------	----

1.	Amazon.com, Inc.	8.43
2.	eBay, Inc.	6.91
3.	Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV	5.81
4.	Danone SA	4.94
5.	Alphabet, Inc., Class A	4.71
6.	Cie Financiere Richemont SA	4.67
7.	Walmart, Inc.	4.62
8.	Liberty Media Corp-Liberty Formula One	4.38
9.	Ferrari NV	4.25
10.	Heineken Holding NV	4.11



Key facts

Total net assets	\$471.18 m
Portfolio turnover ⁵ (%)	34
Number of holdings	33
Benchmark	MSCI World (Net) Total
	Return
Average market cap ⁶	
Fund	\$317.33 b
Benchmark	\$451.31 b
Beta ⁷	0.97
R-squared ⁸ (%)	89.93
Sharpe ratio ⁹	0.63
Standard deviation 10 (%)	
Fund	15.61
Benchmark	15.25
Upside capture ratio 11 (%	6) 89.26
Downside capture ratio 11	(%) 95.61

Based on Class I shares for the five-year period.

What you should know before investing

A portfolio that focuses its investments in one or more sectors may fluctuate more than a portfolio that is invested more evenly across sectors. The fund is non-diversified and may invest more in a smaller number of issuers than a diversified fund, which may magnify losses. The stock prices of midsize and small companies can change more frequently and dramatically than those of large companies, and large company stocks could fall out of favor. The value of a company's equity securities is subject to change in its financial condition and overall market and economic conditions. Foreign investing, especially in emerging markets, has additional risks, such as currency and market volatility and political and social instability. Please see the fund's prospectus for additional risks.

© 2022 Morningstar. All Rights Reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information.

Request a prospectus or summary prospectus from your financial professional, by visiting jhinvestments.com, or by calling us at 800-225-5291. The prospectus includes investment objectives, risks, fees, expenses, and other information that you should consider carefully before investing.

3 Performance data shown excludes fees and expenses. The performance data would be lower if such fees and expenses were included. Past performance does not guarantee future results. 4 Returns for the fund's first year are since fund inception. 5 The portfolio turnover is as of the fund's fiscal year end and is subject to change. The fund's annual report includes further details regarding the portfolio turnover ratio. 6 FactSet. Average market cap is based on a weighted average. 7 Beta measures the sensitivity of the fund to its benchmark. The beta of the market (as represented by the benchmark) is 1.00. Accordingly, a fund with a 1.10 beta is expected to have 10% more volatility than the market. 8 R-squared is a measurement that indicates how closely a fund's performance correlates with the performance of its benchmark index. R-squared can range from 0.00 to 1.00, with 1.00 indicating perfect correlation to the index. 9 Sharpe ratio is a measure of excess return per unit of risk, as defined by standard deviation. A higher Sharpe ratio suggests better risk-adjusted performance. 10 Standard deviation is a statistical measure of the historic volatility of a portfolio. It measures the fluctuation of a fund's periodic returns from the mean or average. The larger the deviation, the larger the standard deviation and the higher the risk. 11 Upside capture ratio measures a manager's performance in up markets relative to the market itself. Downside capture ratio measures a manager's performance in down markets relative to the market itself. 12 Listed holdings reflect the largest portions of the fund's total and may change at any time. They are not recommendations to buy or sell any security. Data is expressed as a percentage of net assets and excludes cash and cash equivalents. Fund characteristics will vary over time.

John Hancock Investment Management Distributors LLC, Member FINRA, SIPC, 200 Berkeley Street, Boston, MA 02116, 800-225-5291, jhinvestments.com Manulife, Manulife Investment Management, Stylized M Design, and Manulife Investment Management & Stylized M Design are trademarks of The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company and are used by it, and by its affiliates under license.

NOT FDIC INSURED. MAY LOSE VALUE. NO BANK GUARANTEE. NOT INSURED BY ANY GOVERNMENT AGENCY.